

$$\frac{\eta(\rho, T)}{\eta^*} = \Psi(\delta, \theta) = \Psi_0(\theta) \cdot \Psi_1(\delta, \theta), \quad (3.1)$$

where $\delta = \rho/\rho^*$ and $\theta = T/T^*$, with $\eta^* = 1 \times 10^{-6}$ Pa s, and Ψ_0 and Ψ_1 according to Eqs. (3.2) and (3.3). The first function of Eq. (3.1), $\Psi_0(\theta)$, represents the viscosity in the ideal-gas limit and has the form

$$\Psi_0(\theta) = \theta^{0.5} \left[\sum_{i=1}^4 n_i^0 \theta^{1-i} \right]^{-1}, \quad (3.2)$$

where $\theta = T/T^*$ with $T^* = T_c = 647.096$ K according to Eq. (1.4). The coefficients n_i^0 are listed in Table 3.1. The equation for the second function of Eq. (3.1), $\Psi_1(\delta, \theta)$, reads

$$\Psi_1(\delta, \theta) = \exp \left[\delta \sum_{i=1}^{21} n_i (\delta - 1)^{I_i} (\theta^{-1} - 1)^{J_i} \right], \quad (3.3)$$

where $\delta = \rho/\rho^*$ and $\theta = T/T^*$ with $\rho^* = \rho_c$ and $T^* = T_c$, where the critical density $\rho_c = 322 \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ and the critical temperature $T_c = 647.096$ K according to Eqs. (1.6) and (1.4). Table 3.2 contains the coefficients n_i and exponents I_i and J_i of Eq. (3.3).

Table 3.1 Coefficients of Eq. (3.2)

i	n_i^0	i	n_i^0
1	$0.167\,752 \times 10^{-1}$	3	$0.636\,656\,4 \times 10^{-2}$
2	$0.220\,462 \times 10^{-1}$	4	$-0.241\,605 \times 10^{-2}$

Table 3.2 Coefficients and exponents of Eq. (3.3)

i	I_i	J_i	n_i	i	I_i	J_i	n_i
1	0	0	0.520 094	12	2	2	-0.772 479
2	0	1	$0.850\,895 \times 10^{-1}$	13	2	3	-0.489 837
3	0	2	$-0.108\,374 \times 10^1$	14	2	4	-0.257 040
4	0	3	-0.289 555	15	3	0	0.161 913
5	1	0	0.222 531	16	3	1	0.257 399
6	1	1	0.999 115	17	4	0	$-0.325\,372 \times 10^{-1}$
7	1	2	$0.188\,797 \times 10^1$	18	4	3	$0.698\,452 \times 10^{-1}$
8	1	3	$0.126\,613 \times 10^1$	19	5	4	$0.872\,102 \times 10^{-2}$
9	1	5	0.120 573	20	6	3	$-0.435\,673 \times 10^{-2}$
10	2	0	-0.281 378	21	6	5	$-0.593\,264 \times 10^{-3}$
11	2	1	-0.906 851				

If the dynamic viscosity is calculated from Eq. (3.1) for given values of *pressure* and temperature, then the input quantity reduced density δ has to be calculated first. According to the release [31], this density does not have to be calculated from the IAPWS-95 formulation [8, 9], but can also be determined from the IAPWS-IF97 basic equations, Eq. (2.3), (2.6), (2.11),